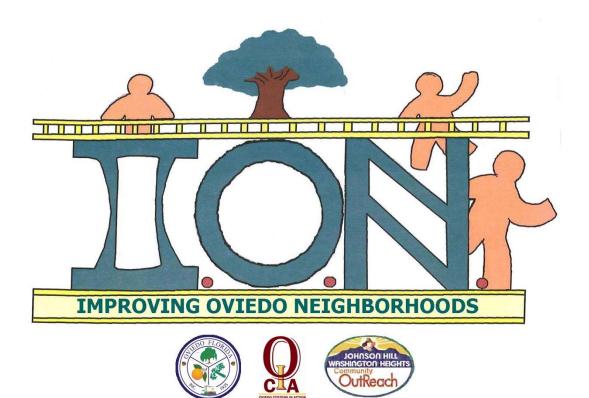
JOHNSON HILL WASHINGTON HEIGHTS ROUND LAKE ESTATES NEIGHBORHOOD MEETING



JACKSON HEIGHTS MIDDLE SCHOOL JUNE 4, 2009

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

City of Oviedo City Council

Mary Lou Andrews, Mayor Dominic Persampiere, Deputy Mayor Councilman Keith Britton Councilman Steve Henken Councilman Stephen Schenck

Mr. Richard Gestrich, City of Oviedo City Manager

ION Steering Committee

- Ms. Brenda Benard
- Mr. Peter Benard
- Ms. Earnestine Jackson
- Mr. William Jackson
- Ms. Rosie Rouse
- Ms. Gloria Turner
- Mr. Jeff Chudnow, Chief of Police
- Mr. Tony Valez, Police Lieutenant
- Mr. Bryan Cobb, Development Services Director

Jackson Heights Middle School

- Mr. Winston Bailey, Principal
- Mr. Rod Dunaye, Assistant Principal
- Ms. Tanya Franklin, Dean

Oviedo Citizens In Action

Johnson Hill-Washington Heights Community Outreach

Mr. Karl Henry, Seminole County Health Department Ms. Julianne Price, Indian River County Health Department Detective Teddy Floyd, Indian River County Sheriff's Office

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Neighborhood Meeting Greeters

- Ms. Betty Bell
- Ms. Cindy Lamb
- Ms. Rosie Rouse
- Ms. Patti Stevens

Neighborhood Meeting Facilitators/Scribes

- Ms. Regina Bereswill
- Mr. Jeff Chudnow
- Mr. Bryan Cobb
- Mr. Dale Coleman
- Mr. Tom Hagood
- Ms. Earnestine Jackson
- Mr. William Jackson
- Mr. Ron Jacobs
- Ms. Brenda King
- Mr. Shawn O'Rourke
- Mr. Bob Porter
- Ms. Gloria Turner
- Mr. Thomas Walker
- Ms. Carol White
- Ms. Amanda Vari
- Mr. Tony Valez

AGENDA

JOHNSON HILL, WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, ROUND LAKE ESTATES NEIGHBORHOOD MEETING JACKSON HEIGHTS MIDDLE SCHOOL JUNE 4, 2009

- I. Registration
- II. Large Group Meeting 1
 - A. Welcome and Introductions
 - **B. ION Initiative**
 - C. PACE EH The West Wabasso Experience
 - D. Neighborhood Meeting Overview
 - E. Break-out to Small Group Locations
- III. Small Group Meetings
 - A. Introduction
 - B. Silent Generation of Ideas
 - C. Recording of Ideas
 - D. Clarification of Ideas
 - E. Ranking of Ideas
- IV. Large Group Meeting 2
 - A. Presentation of Ranked Ideas
 - B. Explanation of Next Steps
 - C. Adjournment

Improving Oviedo Neighborhoods (ION) Process Johnson Hill, Washington Heights, Round Lake Estates

- Creation of Steering Committee Oviedo Citizens In Action, Johnson Hill-Washington Heights Community Outreach, City Staff
- 2. **Preparation for Neighborhood Meeting** Steering Committee
- 3. **Neighborhood Outreach** Steering Committee
- 4. Neighborhood Meeting June 4, 2009, Jackson Heights Middle School
- 5. Neighborhood Survey Steering Committee
 - a. To maximize neighborhood participation, the Steering Committee will develop a survey based on the ideas generated at the Neighborhood Meeting that will be used to obtain input from residents who could not attend the Neighborhood Meeting.
 - b. The Steering Committee will determine the most effective method for administering the survey to maximize neighborhood responses.
- 6. Categorize Ideas from Neighborhood Meeting Steering Committee
 - a. Based on the ideas generated at the Neighborhood Meeting and identified in the Neighborhood Survey, the Steering Committee will develop categories into which the ideas will be grouped. Examples may include Public Safety, Parks, Infrastructure, Quality of Life, etc.

Improving Oviedo Neighborhoods (ION) Process Johnson Hill, Washington Heights, Round Lake Estates

- b. Each idea will be input into a database and assigned a category.
- c. The Steering Committee will review the ideas within each category and consolidates duplicate ideas into one idea.
- 7. **Preparation of the Action Plan** The Steering Committee will prepare an Action Plan that identifies and prioritizes implementing actions for each category based on the collected and ranked ideas.
- 8. **Implementation** The Steering Committee will meet regularly to address the action items identified in the Action Plan. The Steering Committee will provide regular progress reports on the implementation of the Action Plan.

Definitions

Community is an aggregate of persons with common characteristics such as geographic, professional, cultural, racial, religious, or socioeconomic similarities; communities can be defined by location, race, ethnicity, age, occupation, interest in particular problems or outcomes, or other common bonds. (Adapted from *Public Health: What It Is and How It Works*)

Community Health is a perspective on public health that assumes community participation to be an essential ingredient for effective public health practice. It takes into account the tangible and intangible characteristics of the community – its formal and informal networks and support systems, its norms and cultural nuances, and its institutions, politics, and belief systems.

Environment is where we live, work, learn, and play.

Environmental Health in its broadest sense comprises those aspects of human health, disease, and injury that are determined by factors in the environment. This includes not only the study of the direct pathological effects of various chemical, physical, and biological agents, but also the effects on health of the broad physical and social environment, which includes housing, urban development, land use and transportation, industry, and agriculture. (Centers for Disease Control, Healthy People 2010)

Health is a state of complete physical, social, and mental well-being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity. (World Health Organization)

ION – Improving Oviedo Neighborhoods

PACE EH – Protocol for Assessing Community Excellence in Environmental Health